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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 09/911,407 07/25/2001 Kenji Inage 110198 4094 **EXAMINER** 25944 7590 01/08/2004 OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC MILLER, BRIAN E P.O. BOX 19928 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320 2652 DATE MAILED: 01/08/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| 41 | • | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
|---|--|---------------------------|--|
| | | 09/911,407 | INAGE ET AL. |
| | Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | | Brian E. Miller | 2652 |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status | | | |
| 1)⊠ | Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 O</u> | october 2003. | |
| 2a)□ | This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This | action is non-final. | |
| 3) | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | |
| 4)⊠ |)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the application. | | |
| | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | |
| 5) | Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | |
| 6)⊠ | Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected. | | |
| 7)[| Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | |
| 8)□ | Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o | r election requirement. | |
| Application Papers | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. | | | |
| 10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner. | | | |
| | Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 | | | |
| 12) | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | |
| 2) Notic | e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _ | 5) D Notice of Informal P | (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152) |

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Claims 1-12 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- Claims 1-2, 4-5, 7-8, 10-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Aoki et al (US 6,587,315). As per claims 1-2, 7-8, Aoki et al discloses an MR device, as shown in at least FIG. 1, including: a MR element 16 which includes a multilayer of elements 10-15, having two surfaces that face toward opposite directions and two side portions that connect the two surfaces to each other; two bias field applying layers 17 that are located adjacent to the side portions of the MR element and apply a bias magnetic field (see col. 17, lines 11-21); two electrode layers 18 that feed a current used for signal detection to the MR element, each of the electrode layers adjacent to one of the surfaces of each of the bias field applying layers; the two bias field applying layers are located off one of the surfaces of the MR element; both of the two electrode layers overlap the one of the surfaces of the MR element, wherein the length of the region of overlap T3 is greater than zero and smaller than 0.15um, e.g., 0.05*2= 0.10 (see col. 18, lines 30-41).

As per claims 4-5, 10-11, the "method" as claimed is encompassed by the structure of the product as described, supra.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 3, 6, 9 & 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aoki et al. for a description of Aoki et al, see the rejection, supra. Although Aoki et al discloses a space between the electrodes, e.g., T2, Aoki et al remains silent as to a specific dimension. As Aoki et al discloses some 24 embodiments, having various spacing ratios with respect to the overlap, and as the electrode spacing is in direct relationship with the track width of the MR head, it would have been considered obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have provided this dimension through routine engineering experimentation and optimization. Moreover, absent a showing of criticality, i.e., unobvious or unexpected results, the relationships set forth in these claims are considered to be within the level of ordinary skill in the art. The law is replete with cases in which the mere difference between the claimed invention and the prior art is some range, variable or other dimensional limitation within the claims, patentability cannot be found.

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It furthermore has been held in such a situation, the applicant must show that the particular range is critical, generally by showing that the claimed range achieves unexpected results relative to the prior art range(s); see *In re Woodruff*, 919 F.2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

Moreover, the instant disclosure does not set forth evidence ascribing unexpected results due to the claimed dimensions; see *Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc.*, 725 F.2d 1338 (Fed. Cir. 1984), which held that the dimensional limitations failed to point out a feature which performed and operated any differently from the prior art.

Response to Amendment

A...Applicant's filed of certified translations of their priority documents have overcome the art rejection to Shoji, however, newly cited reference to Aoki et al is considered to encompass the claimed invention, as described.

Conclusion

- 5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. including US Patent to Nakamoto et al (5,936,810) which is cited to show small electrode overlaps and electrode spacing (as small as 0.5um).
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian E. Miller whose telephone number is (703) 308-2850. The examiner can normally be reached on M-TH 7:15am-4:45pm (and every other friday).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hoa T. Nguyen can be reached on (703) 305-9687. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for regular communications and (703) 872-9306 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4750.

Brian E. Miller Primary Examiner

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January 6, 2004